

GPS+ GLONASS Engine Board

Hardware Data Sheet

Product No : MT-5531G

Version 0.1



Globalsat WorldCom GROUP

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2012/12			Luwalk Lee

Product Description

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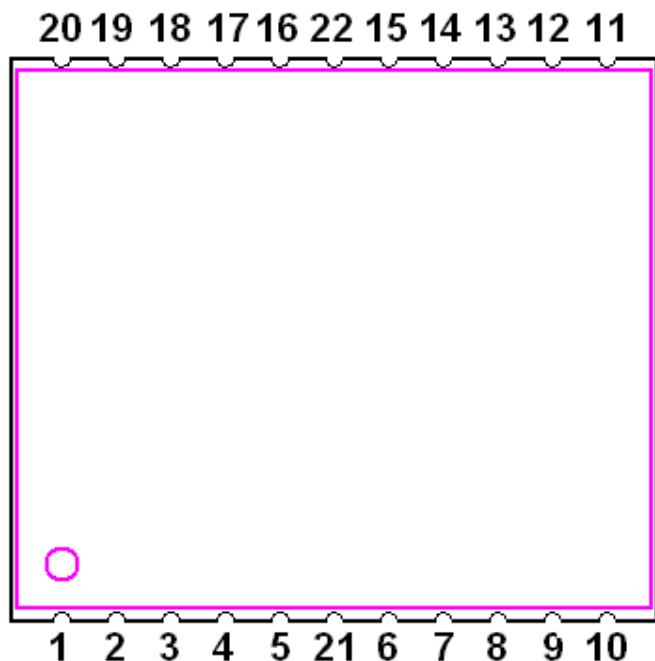
MT-5531G is a compact, high performance, and low power consumption GPS + GLONASS engine board. This GPS module is powered by MediaTek, it can provide you with superior sensitivity and performance even in urban canyon and dense foliage environment. The miniature size makes the module easy and the best choice to integrate into portable device like mobile phone, PDAs, camera and vehicle locators. Automotive navigation

- Personal positioning
- Fleet management
- Mobile phone navigation
- Marine navigation

Product Features

- MediaTek high sensitivity solution
- Support 66-channel GPS
- Very high sensitivity (Tracking Sensitivity: -164 dBm)
- Extremely fast TTFF (Time To First Fix) at low signal level
- Support USB and Serial port NMEA output
- Built-in LNA
- Compact size (15.0mm * 13.0 mm * 2.4mm) suitable for space-sensitive application
- One size component, easy to mount on another PCB board
- Support NMEA 0183 V4.0 (Output: GGA, GSA, GSV, RMC, VTG, GLL, ZDA)

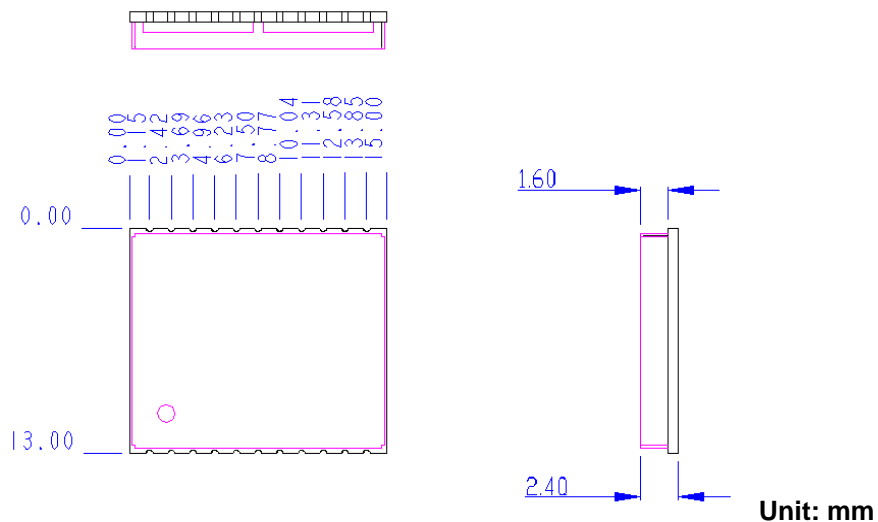
Product Pin Description



PIN Number(s)	Name	Type	Description	Note
1,	RXB	I	Serial input (default null)	
2	TXB	O	Serial output (default null)	
3	TIMEPULSE	O	One pulse per second output.(1PPS)	
4	TxD	O	This is the main transmits channel for outputting navigation and measurement data to user's navigation software or user written software. Output TTL level, 0V ~ 2.85V.	
5	RxD	I	This is the main receive channel for receiving software commands to the engine board user written software.	
6, 9,10,16	NC			
7	GPIO_6	I/O	LED Output	
8	MR	I	MT-5531G Reset input.	
11	V_BAT	P	Backup battery supply voltage	
12	VCC	P	Main power supply to the engine board.	
13	GPIO_8	I/O	General purpose I/O	
14	GPIO_9	I/O	General purpose I/O	
15	GPIO_10	I/O	General purpose I/O	
17	VCC_RF	O	Supply Antenna Bias voltage (V=VCC)	
18,20,21,22	GND	P	Ground.	

19	RF IN	RF	GPS antenna input	
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Package Dimensions



Type	22-pin stamp holes
Dimensions	15.0mm X 13.0mm X 2.4mm (±0.2mm)

Electrical Specification

Absolute Maximums Ratings

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Conditions	Unit
POWER Supply					
Main power supply	3.1	3.3	3.5		V
Backup battery supply	2.0		3.5		V
Main power supply Current		23			mA
Backup battery supply Current	4.5	5	5.5		uA
Interface (VCC = 3.3V, VBAT= 3.3V, Operation Temp.= 25°C)					
High Level input Voltage	0.7*VDD		3.5		V
Low Level input Voltage	-0.3		0.3*VDD		V
High Level input Current	-10		10 60	(V=2.85V) (with Pull Low)	uA
Low Level input Current	-10		10 -60	(V=0V) (with Pull High)	uA
High Level output Voltage	0.75*VDD				V
Low Level output Voltage			0.25*VDD		V
RF Input					
Input Impedance		50			Ω
Operating Frequency		1.575			Ghz

☆ VDD is 2.85V for MTK CHIP

Environmental Characteristics

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Humidity Range	5		95	% non-condensing
Operation Temperature	-40	25	85	°C
Storage Temperature	-40		85	°C

Receiver Performance

Sensitivity	Tracking :	-164dBm
	Autonomous acquisition :	-147 dBm
Time-To-First-Fix	Cold Start – Autonomous	< 35s
	Warm Start – Autonomous	< 35s
	Hot Start – Autonomous	< 1s
Horizontal Position accuracy	Autonomous	< 3m (2D RMS)
	SBAS	< 2.0m
Velocity Accuracy	Speed	< 0.01 m/s
	Heading	< 0.01 degrees
Reacquisition	0.1 second, average	
Max Update Rate	5 Hz	
Maximum Altitude	< 18,000 meter	
Maximum Velocity	< 515 meter/ second	
Maximum Acceleration	< 4G	

<Note>

1. -142 dBm \approx 28dB-Hz with 4 dB noise figure
2. 50% -130dBm Fu 0.5ppm Tu \pm 2s Pu 30Km
3. 50% 24hr static, -130dBm
4. 50% @ 30m/s

SOFTWARE COMMAND

NMEA Output Command

NMEA Output Data Sentence:

Its output signal level is TTL: 11520000bps (default), 8 bit data, 1 stop bit and no parity. It supports NMEA-0183 V4.0 Protocol and the following. Messages: GGA, GSA, GSV and RMC.

NMEA Output Messages: the module board outputs the following messages as shown in Table1.

Table 1 NMEA-0183 Output Messages

NMEA Command	Description
GGA	Global positioning system fixed data
GSA	GNSS DOP and active satellites
GSV	GNSS satellites in view
RMC	Recommended minimum specific GNSS data

GGA - Global Positioning System Fixed Data

Table2 contains the values for the following example:

\$GPGGA,161229.487,3723.2475,N,12158.3416,W,1,07,1.0,9.0,M,-34.2,M,,0000*18

Table 2 GGA Data Format

Name	Example	Units	Description
Message ID	\$GPGGA		GGA protocol header
UTC Time	161229.487		hhmmss.sss
Latitude	3723.2475		ddmm.mmmm
N/S Indicator	N		N=north or S=south
Longitude	12158.3416		dddmm.mmmm
E/W Indicator	W		E=east or W=west
Position Fix Indicator	1		See Table 2-1
Satellites Used	07		Range 0 to 12
HDOP	1.0		Horizontal Dilution of Precision
MSL Altitude	9.0	meters	
Units	M	meters	
Geoid Separation ¹	-34.2	meters	Geoid-to-ellipsoid separation. Ellipsoid altitude=MSL Altitude + Geoid Separation
Units	M	meters	
Age of Diff. Corr.		second	Null fields when DGPS is not used
Diff. Ref. Station ID	0000		

Checksum	*18		
<CR><LF>			End of message termination

Table 2-1 Position Fix Indicator

Value	Description
0	Fix not available or invalid
1	GPS SPS Mode, fix valid
2	Differential GPS, SPS Mode , fix valid
3	Not supported
6	<i>Dead Reckoning Mode, fix valid</i>

Note:

A valid status is derived from all the parameters set in the software. This includes the minimum number of satellites required, any DOP mask setting, presence of DGPS corrections, etc. If the default or current software setting requires that a factor is met, then if that factor is not met the solution will be marked as invalid.

GLL - Geographic Position-Latitude/Longitude

Table3 contains the values for the following example:

\$GPGLL,3723.2475,N,12158.3416,W,161229.487,A,A*41

Table3 GLL Data Format

Name	Example	Units	Description
Message ID	\$GPGLL		GLL protocol header
Latitude	3723.2475		ddmm.mmmm
N/S Indicator	n		N=north or S=south
Longitude	12158.3416		dddmm.mmmm
E/W Indicator	W		E=east or W=west
UTC Position	161229.487		hhmmss.sss
Status	A		A=data valid or V=data not valid
Mode	A		<i>A=Autonomous, D=DGPS, E=DR N=Output Data Not Valid R= Coarse Position¹ S=Simulator</i>
Checksum	*41		
<CR><LF>			End of message termination

1. Position was calculated based on one or more of the SVs having their states derived from almanac parameters, as opposed to ephemerides.

GSA - GNSS DOP and Active Satellites

Table 4 contains the values for the following example:

\$GPGSA,A,3,07,02,26,27,09,04,15,,,,,,,,,1.8,1.0,1.5*33

Table 4 GSA Data Format

Name	Example	Units	Description
Message ID	\$GPGSA		GSA protocol header
Mode 1	A		See Table 4-1
Mode 2	3		See Table 4-2
Satellite Used ¹	07		Sv on Channel 1
Satellite Used ¹	02		Sv on Channel 2
.....			
Satellite Used ¹			Sv on Channel 12
PDOP ²	1.8		Position dilution of Precision
HDOP ²	1.0		Horizontal dilution of Precision
VDOP ²	1.5		Vertical dilution of Precision
Checksum	*33		
<CR><LF>			End of message termination

1. Satellite used in solution.
2. Maximum DOP value reported is 50. When 50 is reported, the actual DOP may be much larger.

Table 4-1 Mode1

Value	Description
M	Manual-forced to operate in 2D or 3D mode
A	2D automatic-allowed to automatically switch 2

Table 4-2 Mode 2

Value	Description
1	Fix Not Available
2	2D (<4 SVs used)
3	3D (>3 SVs used)

GSV - GNSS Satellites in View

Table 5 contains the values for the following example:

\$GPGSV,2,1,07,07,79,048,42,02,51,062,43,26,36,256,42,27,27,138,42*71

\$GPGSV,2,2,07,09,23,313,42,04,19,159,41,15,12,041,42*41

Table 5 GSV Data Format

Name	Example	Units	Description
Message ID	\$GPGSV		GSV protocol header
Number of Messages ¹	2		Range 1 to 3
Message Number ¹	1		Range 1 to 3
Satellites in View ¹	07		
Satellite ID	07		Channel 1(Range 1 to 32)
Elevation	79	degrees	Channel 1(Maximum90)
Azimuth	048	degrees	Channel 1(True, Range 0 to 359)
SNR(C/No)	42	dBHz	Range 0 to 99,null when not tracking
.....		
Satellite ID	27		Channel 4 (Range 1 to 32)
Elevation	27	Degrees	Channel 4(Maximum90)
Azimuth	138	Degrees	Channel 4(True, Range 0 to 359)
SNR(C/No)	42	dBHz	Range 0 to 99,null when not tracking
Checksum	*71		
<CR><LF>			End of message termination

1. Depending on the number of satellites tracked, multiple messages of GSV data may be required. In some software versions, the maximum number of satellites reported as visible is limited to 12, even though more may be visible.

RMC - Recommended Minimum Specific GNSS Data

Table 6 contains the values for the following example:

\$GPRMC,161229.487,A,3723.2475,N,12158.3416,W,0.13,309.62,120598,,A*10

Table 6 RMC Data Format

Name	Example	Units	Description
Message ID	\$GPRMC		RMC protocol header
UTC Time	161229.487		hhmmss.sss
Status ¹	A		A=data valid or V=data not valid
Latitude	3723.2475		ddmm.mmmm
N/S Indicator	N		N=north or S=south
Longitude	12158.3416		dddmm.mmmm
E/W Indicator	W		E=east or W=west
Speed Over Ground	0.13	knots	
Course Over Ground	309.62	degrees	True
Date	120598		ddmmyy
Magnetic Variation ²		degrees	E=east or W=west
East/West Indicator ²	E		E=east
<i>Mode</i>	<i>A</i>		<i>A=Autonomous, D=DGPS, E=DR N=Output Data Not Valid R= Coarse Position³ S=Simulator</i>
Checksum	*10		
<CR><LF>			End of message termination

1. A valid status is derived from all the parameters set in the software. This includes the minimum number of satellites required, any DOP mask setting, presence of DGPS corrections, etc. If the default or current software setting requires that a factor is met, then if that factor is not met the solution will be marked as invalid.
2. Position was calculated based on one or more of the SVs having their states derived from almanac parameters, as opposed to ephemerides.

VTG - Course Over Ground and Ground Speed

Table 7 contains the values for the following example:

\$GPVTG,309.62,T,,M,0.13,N,0.2,K,A*23

Table 7 VTG Data Format

Name	Example	Units	Description
Message ID	\$GPVTG		VTG protocol header
Course	309.62	degrees	Measured heading
Reference	T		True
Course		degrees	Measured heading
Reference	M		Magnetic ¹
Speed	0.13	knots	Measured horizontal speed
Units	N		Knots
Speed	0.2	Km/hr	Measured horizontal speed
Units	K		Kilometers per hour
<i>Mode</i>	<i>A</i>		<i>A=Autonomous, D=DGPS, E=DR N=Output Data Not Valid R= Coarse Position² S=Simulator</i>
Checksum	*23		
<CR><LF>			End of message termination

1. Position was calculated based on one or more of the SVs having their states derived from almanac parameters, as opposed to ephemerides.

ZDA - Time and Date

This message is included only with systems which support a time-mark output pulse identified as "1PPS". Outputs the time associated with the current 1PPS pulse. Each message is output within a few hundred ms after the 1PPS pulse is output and tells the time of the pulse that just occurred.

Table 8 contains the values for the following example:

```
$GPZDA,181813,14,10,2003,,*4F<CR><LF>
```

Table 8: ZDA Data Format

Name	Example	Unit	Description
Message ID	\$GPZDA		ZDA protocol header
UTC Time	181813	hhmmss	The UTC time units are: hh=UTC hours from 00 to 23 mm=UTC minutes from 00 to 59 ss=UTC seconds from 00 to 59 Either using valid IONO/UTC or estimated from default leap seconds
Day	14		Day of the month, range 1 to 31
Month	10		Month of the year, range 1 to 12
Year	2003		Year
Local zone hour ¹		hour	Offset from UTC (set to 00)
Local zone minutes ¹		minute	Offset from UTC (set to 00)
Checksum	*4F		
<CR><LF>			End of message termination

1. Not supported by CSR, reported as 00.

NMEA 2.0 & NMEA 4.0 format compare

NMEA 4.0 format

NMEA Message	Talker identifiers	example
GGA	GP	\$GPGGA
GSA	GP, GL, GN	\$GPGSA, \$GLGSA, \$GNRSA
GSV	GP, GL	\$GPGSV, \$GLGSV
VTG	GN	\$GNVTG
RMC	GN	\$GNRMC

GPXXX: GPS mode

GLXXX: Glonass mode

GNXXX: GPS/Glonass mode

NMEA 2.0 format

NMEA Message	Talker identifiers	example
GGA	GP	\$GPGGA
GSA	GP,	\$GPGSA,
GSV	GP	\$GPGSV,
VTG	GP	\$GPVTG
RMC	GP	\$GPRMC

Example :

NMEA ver 2.0

\$GPRMC,150133.000,A,2450.5023,N,12100.7648,E,000.0,000.0,080611,,,A*6D

\$GPGGA,150133.000,2450.5023,N,12100.7648,E,2,09,00.7,00060.89,M,0025.64,M,,0000*6E

\$GPGSA,A,3,4,8,10,11,17,20,24,28,32,69,70,74,01.3,00.7,01.1*08

\$GPGSV,6,1,24,10,18,198,40,74,21,223,39,84,37,038,37,11,10,061,37*78

\$GPGSV,6,2,24,04,39,265,45,70,52,144,47,20,49,063,47,76,,,34*48

\$GPGSV,6,3,24,68,,,44,32,24,047,42,28,79,214,48,17,46,338,48*49

\$GPGSV,6,4,24,08,12,199,35,75,26,281,39,24,18,044,41,69,43,055,44*74

NMEA ver 4.0

\$GNRMC,145623.000,A,2450.5025,N,12100.7649,E,000.0,221.6,080611,,,A*71

\$GNRGA,145623.000,2450.5025,N,12100.7649,E,1,10,00.6,00057.48,M,0025.64,M,,0000*76

\$GNRGA,A,3,4,8,10,11,17,20,23,24,28,32,,,01.2,00.6,01.0*1D

\$GNRGA,A,3,69,70,74,75,83,84,85,,,,,01.2,00.6,01.0*1B

\$GPGSV,3,1,10,11,12,059,40,17,45,335,49,04,37,262,46,10,16,198,41*79

\$GPGSV,3,2,10,23,07,115,28,32,25,049,44,24,20,043,43,08,14,201,42*77

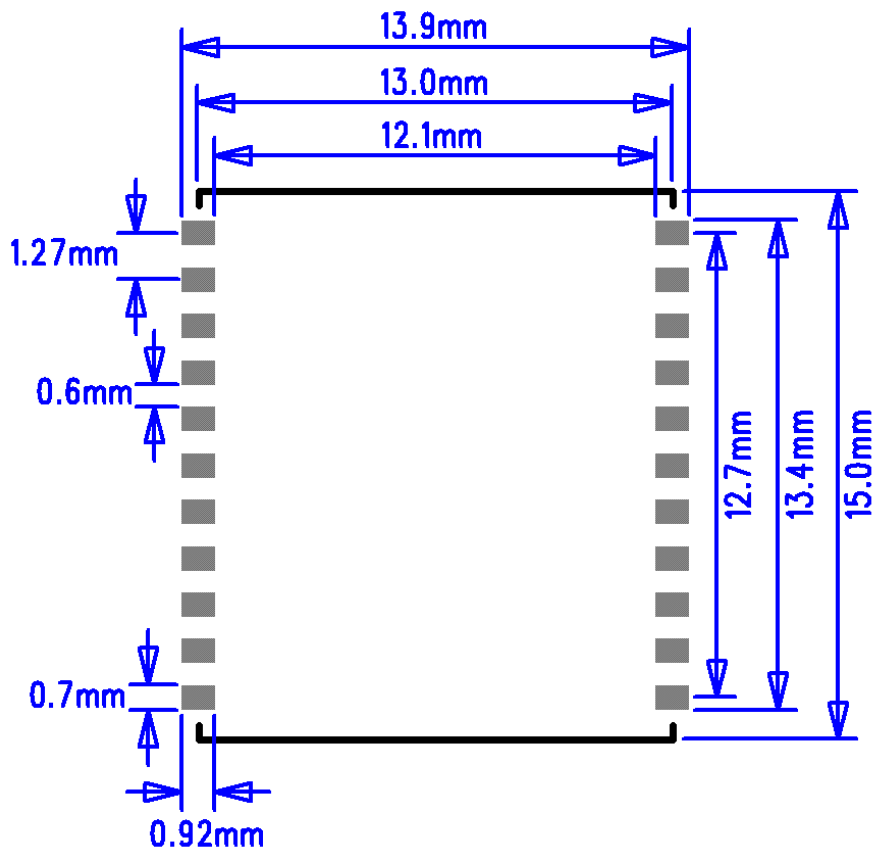
\$GPGSV,3,3,10,20,50,066,49,28,81,226,48*7B

\$GLGSV,2,1,08,74,23,225,38,71,04,191,23,83,09,083,17,70,49,146,48*62

\$GLGSV,2,2,08,85,29,330,43,75,26,284,38,69,44,059,46,84,38,034,38*65

PCB Layout Recommend

Recommended Layout PAD



Unit: mm

Tolerance: 0.1mm

PCB Layout Recommendations

Do not routing the other signal or power trace under the engine board.

RF:

This pin receives signal of GPS analog via external active antenna .It has to be a controlled impedance trace at 50ohm.

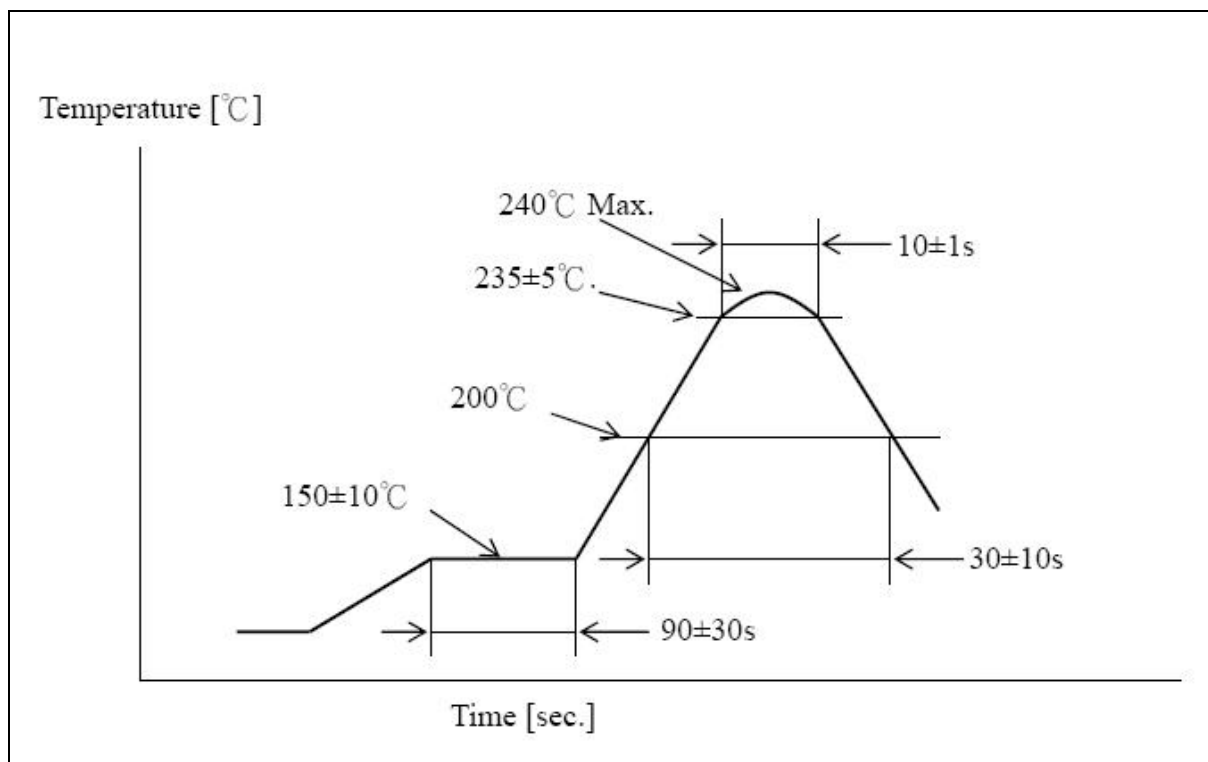
Do not place the RF traces close to the other signal path and not routing it on the top layer.

Keep the RF traces as short as possible.

Antenna:

Keep the active antenna on the top of your system and confirm the antenna radiation pattern 、 axial ratio 、 power gain 、 noise figure 、 VSWR are correct when you Setup the antenna in your case.

Recommended Reflow Profile:



Pre heating temperature: 150±10[°C] Pre heating time: 90±30[sec.]

Heating temperature: 235±5[°C] Heating time: 10±1[sec.]

Peak temperature must not exceed 240°C and the duration of over 200°C should be 30±10 Seconds.